Antibiotics in food animal production: A journey rather than a destination



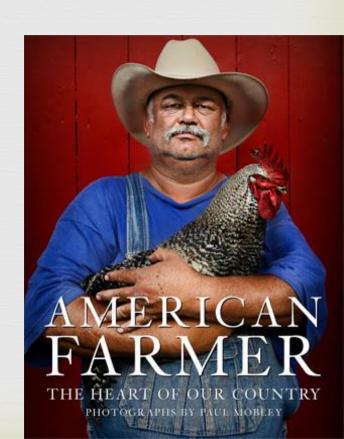
Farm and ranch issues



Rear of the uninformed and unknown

CRLack of consumer attachment

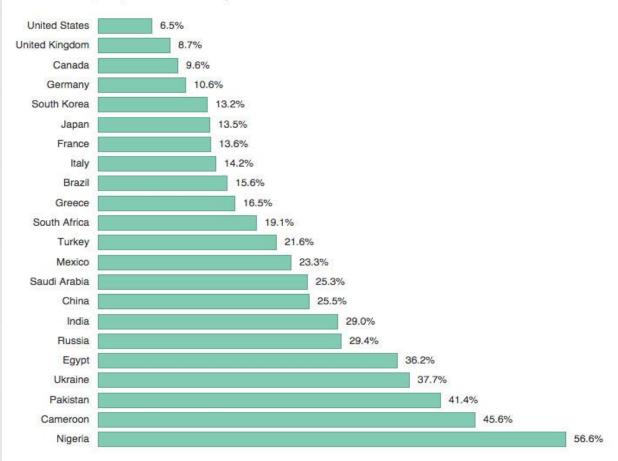
™We live in a 1st world country



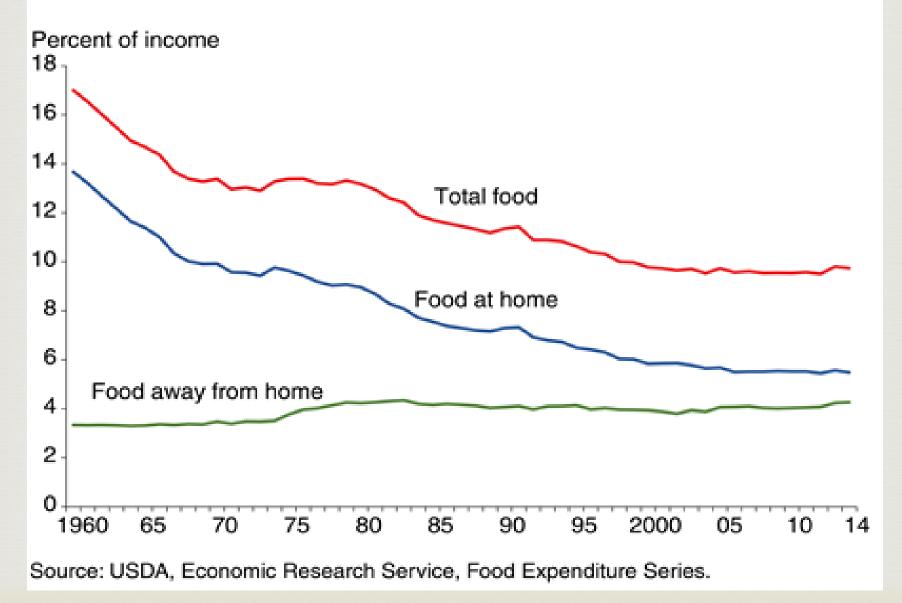
.....and food is free

How much countries spend on food

Selected countries, 2014, as % of household expenditures



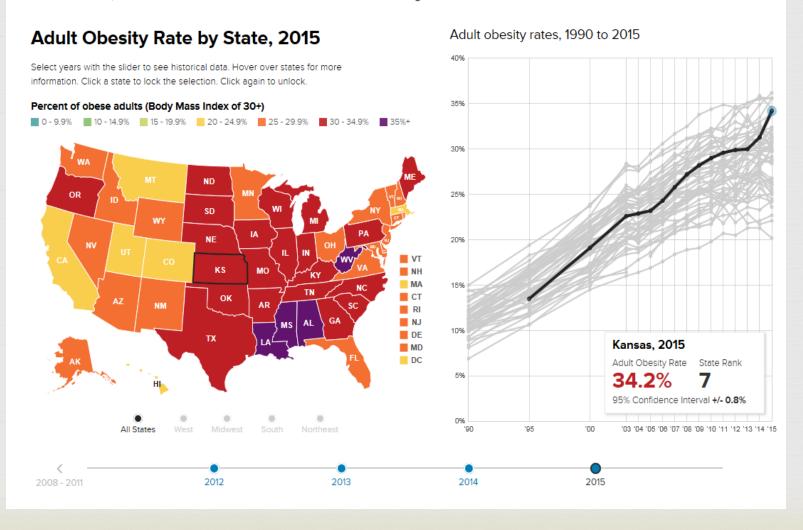




Adult Obesity in the United States

0 0 6

Updated September 1, 2016: According to the most recent data, adult obesity rates now exceed 35 percent in four states, 30 percent in 25 states and are above 20 percent in all states. Louisiana has the highest adult obesity rate at 36.2 percent and Colorado has the lowest at 20.2 percent. U.S. adult obesity rates decreased in four states (Minnesota, Montana, New York and Ohio), increased in two (Kansas and Kentucky) and remained stable in the rest, between 2014 and 2015. This marks the first time in the past decade that any states have experienced decreases — aside from a decline in Washington, D.C. in 2010.



ANNUAL GLOBAL FOOD WASTE

20% of oilseeds

30% of cereals

35% of fish

20% of meat and dairy

1/3

of the world's food is wasted each year, equivalent to 1.3 billion tons. 40-50%

of root crops, fruits and vegetables

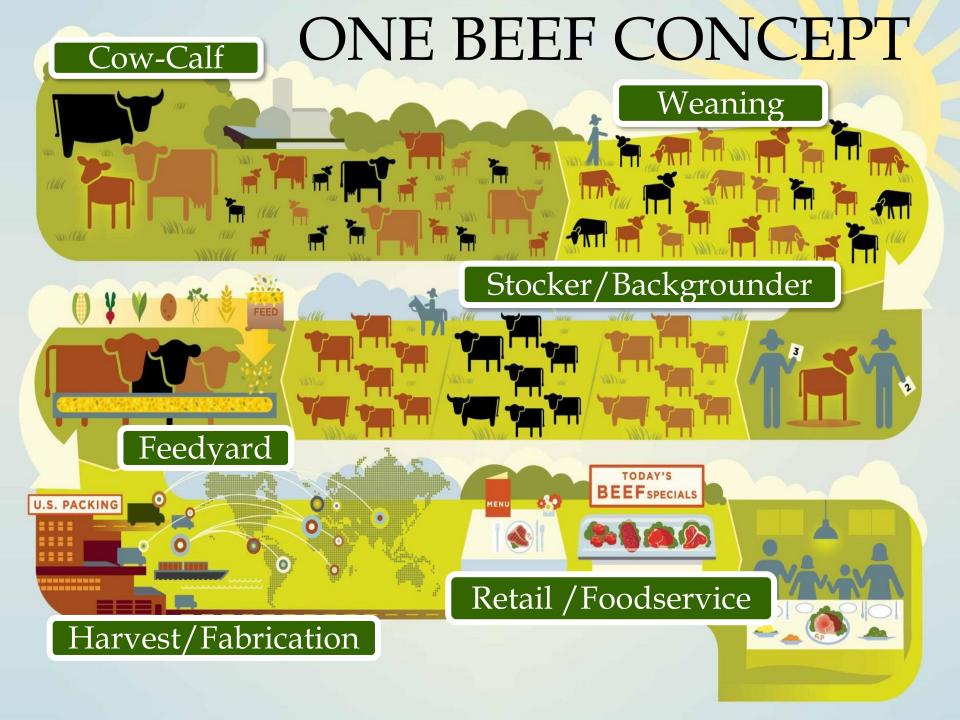


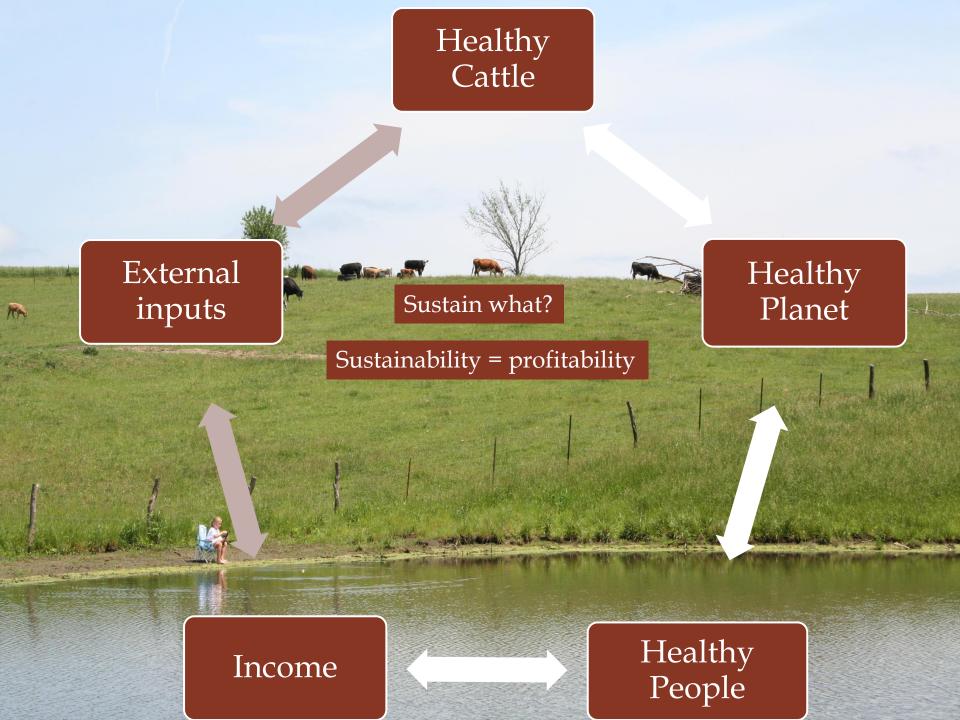
THE CHICAGO COUNCIL

#GlobalAg

thechicagocouncil.org/globalag

Source: UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)



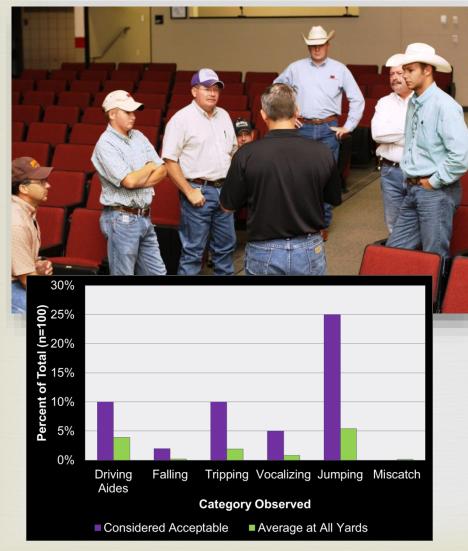


Animal Welfare Summary of Global Consumer Attitudes

December 2011

GLOBAL CONSUMER &BUSINESS INSIGHTS

Loss of trust - Audits





FEEDYARD ASSESSMENT

Assessor's Guide





A SAFE, WHOLESOME AND HEALTHY BEEF SUPPLY

Creating culture verses checking a box











Impact of No-Antibiotics Ever / Raised Without Antibiotics Production on Animal Welfare

- Randall Singer
- Dan Thomson
- Jennifer Wishnie
- Mallory Gage
- Leah Porter
- Amanda Beaudoin

Mindwalk Consulting Group, LLC

University of Minnesota

Thomson Livestock Consulting, LLC

Kansas State University

Wishnie Consulting, LLC and

California Polytechnic University

Gage Group Consulting, LLC

Mindwalk Consulting Group, LLC

Mindwalk Consulting Group, LLC

University of Minnesota



Characteristics of Participants

	Total	Broiler	Turkey	Swine	Beef	Dairy
Role	565	69	23	148	244	81
Practicing Veterinarian	43.9%	31.9%	52.2%	37.6%	43.4%	64.2%
Research/Academic/Government Veterinarian	5.1%	1.5%	4.4%	4.7%	4.1%	12.4%
Research/Academic/Government Non-veterinarian	1.1%	2.9%	-	0.7%	1.2%	-
Manager/Producer/Grower/ Rancher/Owner	37.9%	26.1%	26.1%	47.3%	44.3%	14.8%
Technical Services	7.8%	29.0%	13.0%	5.4%	2.9%	7.4%
Other	4.3%	8.7%	4.4%	4.1%	4.1%	1.2%
Country of Experience						
United States	95.2%	86.8%	95.8%	96.0%	97.5%	92.6%
International	4.8%	13.2%	4.2%	4.1%	2.5%	7.4%
Experience with RWA						
Current Experience	42.7%	63.8%	95.7%	33.8%	36.1%	45.7%
Previous Experience	13.5%	2.9%	-	20.3%	13.5%	13.6%
No Experience	43.9%	33.3%	4.4%	46.0%	50.4%	40.7%

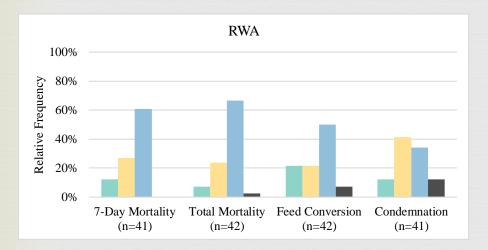


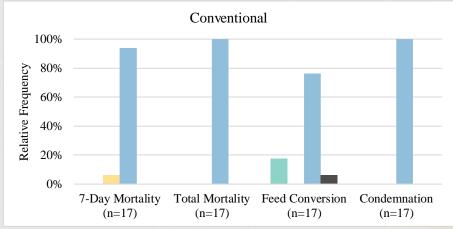
Factors Contributing to Decision to Raise Animals RWA or Conventionally

	D '1	TD 1	a •	D C	D .
	Broiler	Turkey	Swine	Beef	Dairy
RWA Respondents	42	22	75	116	44
To decrease antibiotic resistance	26.2%	9.1%	13.3%	19.8%	2.3%
To improve animal health and welfare	35.7%	13.6%	13.3%	15.5%	9.1%
To increase sale price of animals/product	26.2%	36.4%	54.7%	38.8%	9.1%
To gain market entry into a retail program	31.0%	54.6%	40.0%	27.6%	9.1%
To fulfill a client/customer request	83.3%	81.8%	69.3%	65.5%	77.3%
To eliminate the use of medically important antibiotics	19.1%	4.6%	8.0%	9.5%	4.6%
Conventional Respondents	17	1	67	121	31
Not profitable	29.4%	<u>-</u>	28.4%	20.7%	6.5%
Concerned about negative impacts to animal health and welfare	94.1%	-	76.1%	65.3%	64.5%
No market pressure	17.7%	-	31.3%	25.6%	19.4%
Not a sustainable consumer trend	41.2%	-	25.4%	12.4%	9.7%
Food safety concerns	17.7%	_	28.4%	8.3%	19.4%
Already eliminated the use of medically important antibiotics	5.9%	-	22.4%	5.0%	9.7%
Already raising animals in a responsible use program	58.8%	-	73.1%	56.2%	71.0%



Impacts on Production and Management Broiler

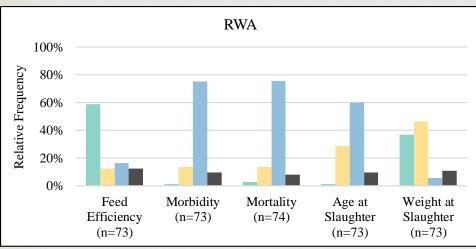


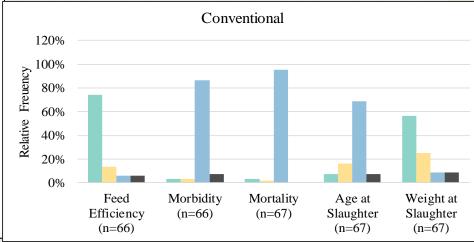






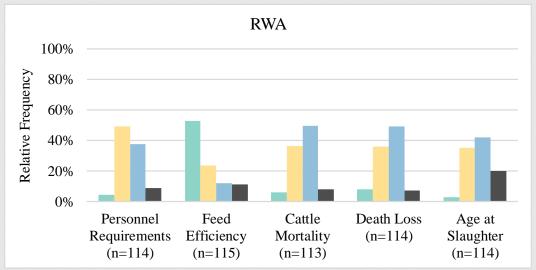
Impacts on Production and Management Swine

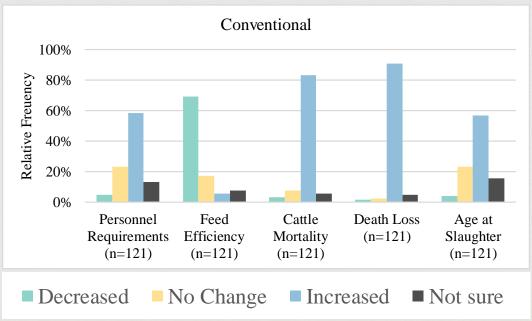






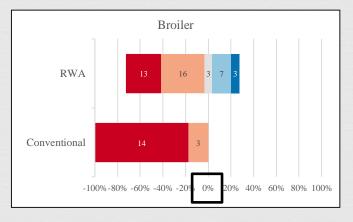
Impacts on Production and Management Beef

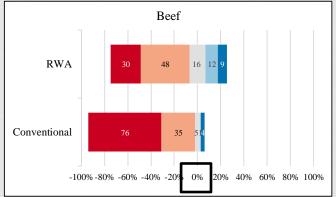


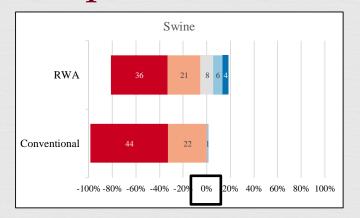


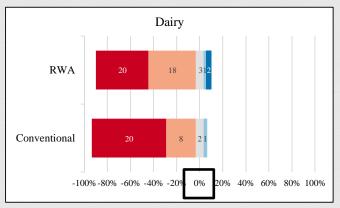


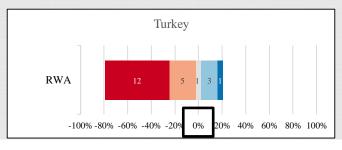
Health & Welfare – What Respondent Believes











■ Significantly Worsen

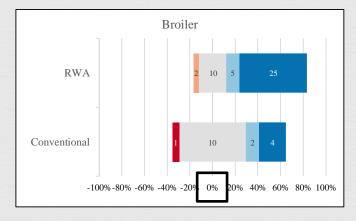
■ Slightly Worsen

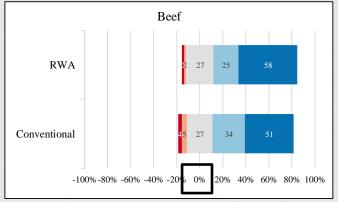
■ No Impact

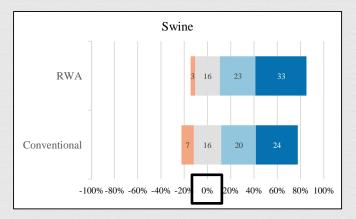
■ Slightly Improve

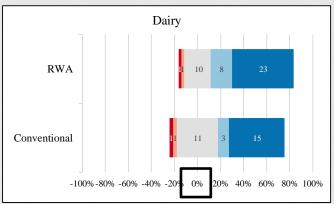


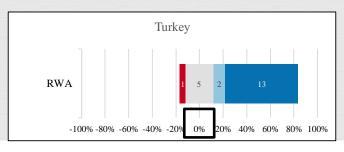
Health & Welfare - What Retailer Believes











■ Significantly Worsen

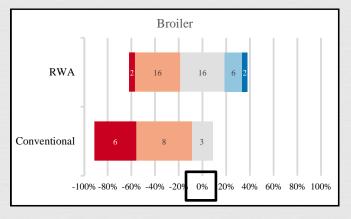
■ Slightly Worsen

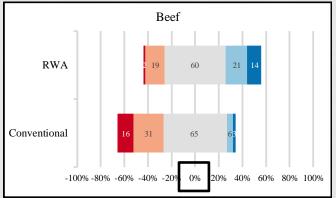
■ No Impact

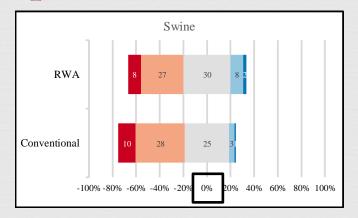
■ Slightly Improve

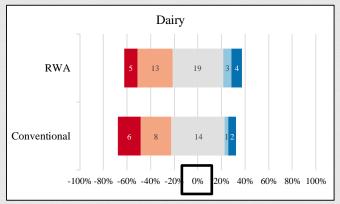


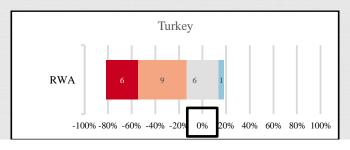
Food Safety – What Respondent Believes











■ Significantly Worsen

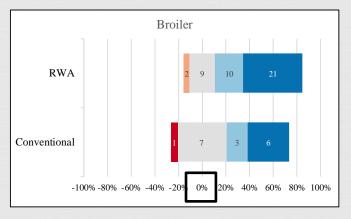
■ Slightly Worsen

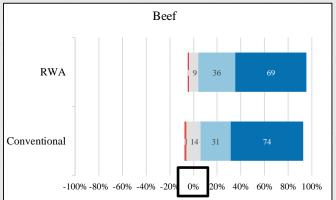
■ No Impact

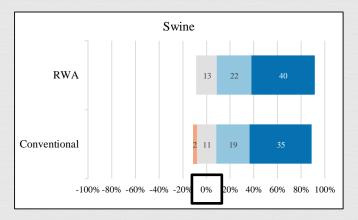
■ Slightly Improve

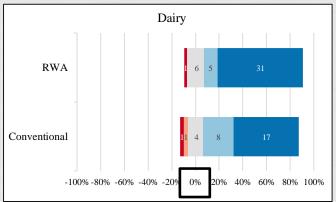


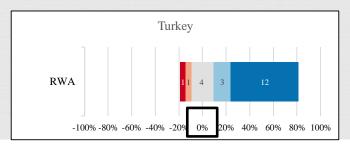
Food Safety – What Retailer Believes











■ Significantly Worsen

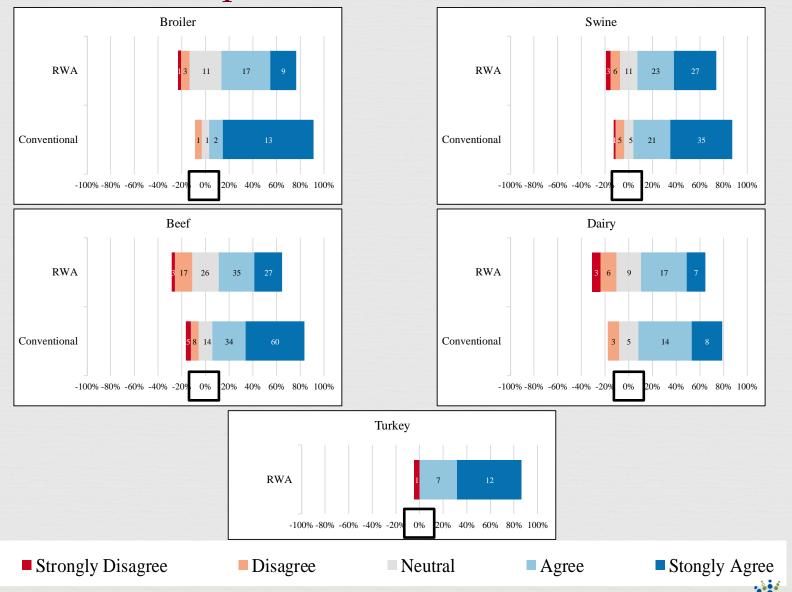
■ Slightly Worsen

■ No Impact

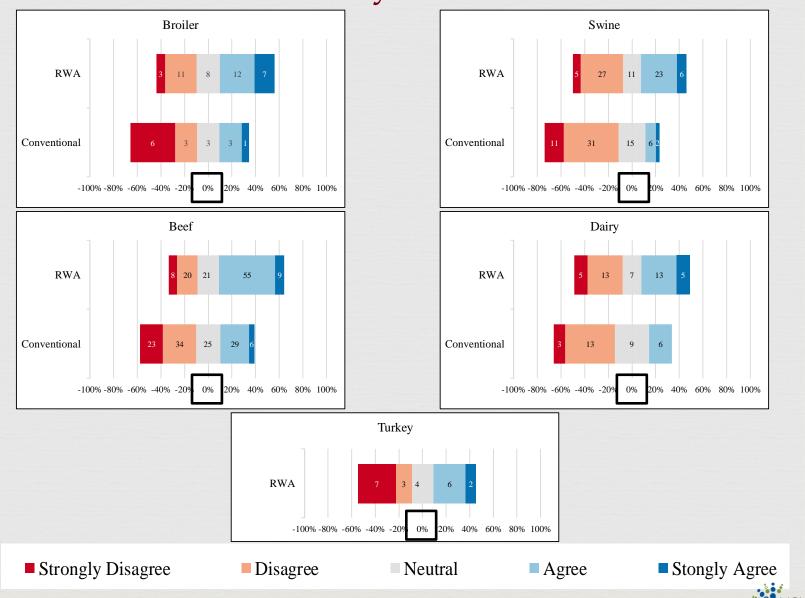
■ Slightly Improve



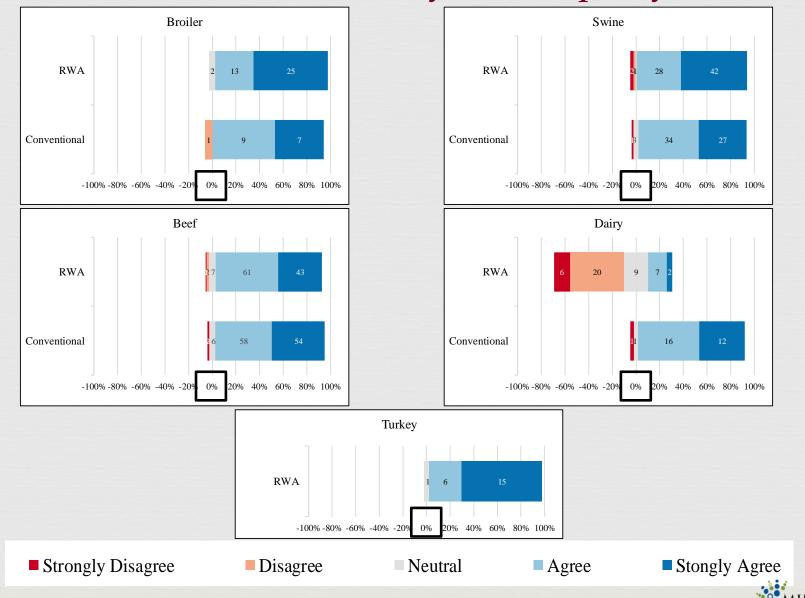
Antibiotic use in my animals does not cause problems in humans



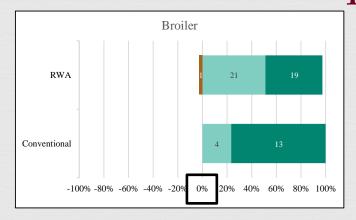
Antibiotic use in my animals will make it harder to treat infections in my animals in the future

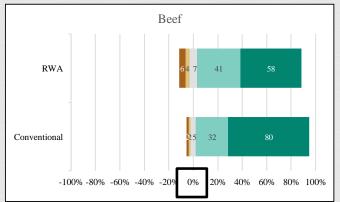


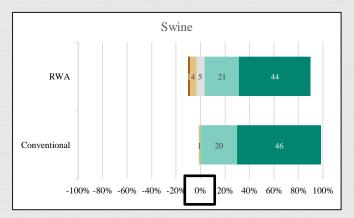
I would be willing to treat my animals with antibiotic alternatives if they were equally effective

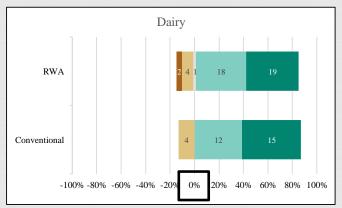


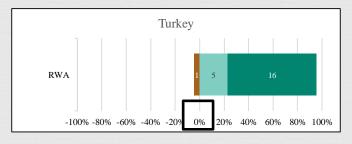
RWA Impacts on Cost











■ Significantly Decrease

Slightly Decrease

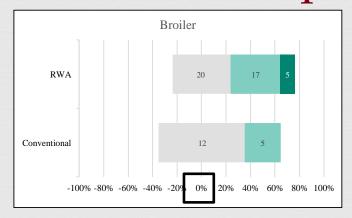
■ No Impact

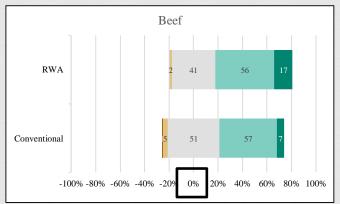
Slightly Increase

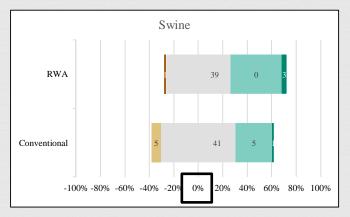
■ Significantly Increase

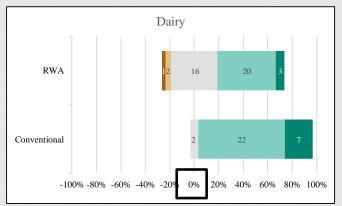


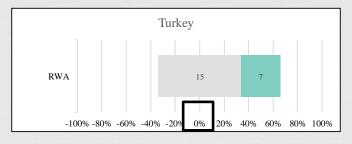
RWA Impacts on Demand











■ Significantly Decrease

Slightly Decrease

■ No Impact

Slightly Increase

■ Significantly Increase



Survey Conclusions

- Across all surveyed commodities:
 - "to fulfill a client/customer request"
 - "Concerned about negative impacts to animal health and welfare"
 - Most already in a Responsible Antibiotic Use program
 - Huge discrepancy between what the Respondent believes and what the Customer / Retailer believes
 - Across all surveyed commodities, respondents agreed with antibiotic use does not cause problems in humans and disagreed that use leads to human infections that are more difficult to treat
 - RWA will increase the cost of food



Lister et al. 2017

Journal of Food Products Marketing

"Social Issues" less important in purchasing decisions than:

Safety

∞Freshness

CaTaste

Nutrition

%Health

RPrice

Lister et al. (In press)

Importance Shares	
	Ground Beef
Safety	21%
Freshness	20%
Taste	12%
Health	12%
Nutrition	8%
Price	7%
Hormone Free/Antibiotic Free	7%
Animal Welfare	5%
Origin/Traceability	3%
Environmental Impact	3%
Convenience	2%

41%

18%

Lister et al., 2017

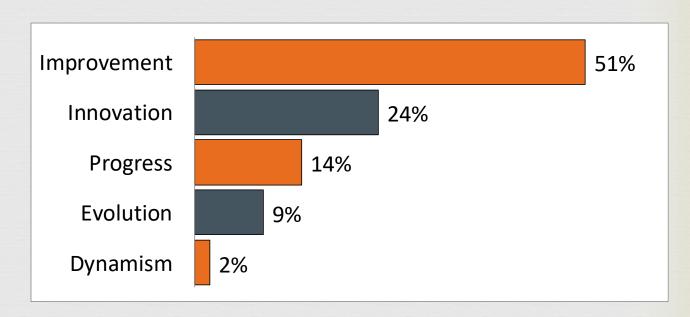
> "Social Issues" < safety, freshness, taste, price...

Importance Shares by Product				
	Ground Beef	Beef Steak	Chicken Breast	Milk
Safety & Freshness	41%	37%	39%	38%
Taste, Health, Nutrition, Price, Conv	41%	47%	44%	45%
HF/AF, AW, Origin/Tr, Env	18%	16%	17%	17%

Consumers want continuous improvement



Which would you most like to see in how farmers and ranchers grow and raise food for tomorrow?



Maslansky survey, October 2011

So, the questions we need to answer....

- ₩hat is the risk?
 - Is this the biggest problem or the easiest solution to marketing?
- Are there alternatives?
 - That don't cause AB resistance
 - Should we have solutions first?
- **What are the consequences?**

Carcasses with no antibiotic residue by production class in 2010

™ Beef cows = 99.89%,

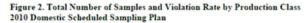
 \bigcirc Dairy cows = 99.85%,

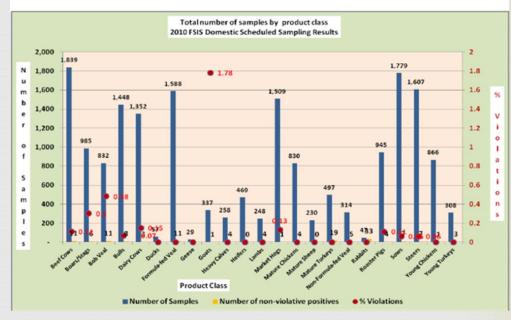
™ Market Steers = 99.94%,

™ Market Heifers = 100.0%,

○ Poultry all classes = 100.0%







(FSIS, 2012)

ABR from cattle to humans

All companies along the way go above and beyond what is regulated

VCPR FDA Juris prudence



USDA Testing







Inspections
State DA



















Rich

Impoverished



"From these preliminary results, Caucasians that are well educated with higher incomes are the most likely market sector to focus marketing organic vegetables to."

During the course of this presentation...



60 babies will be born in the U.S.

244 babies will be born in China

351 babies will be born in India



Poverty



Poverty in the U.S.

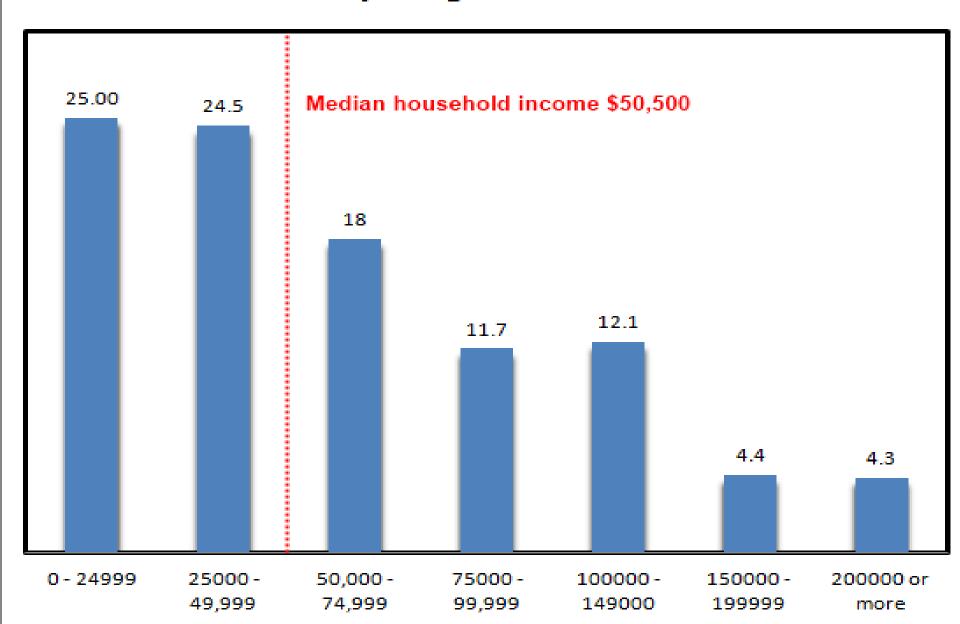


○ Established by tripling the inflation-adjusted cost of a minimum food diet in 1963

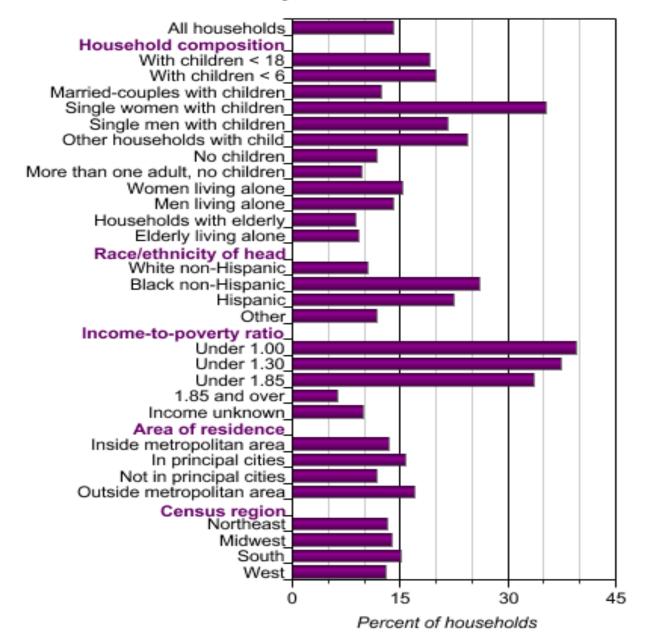
Adjusted for number of people and age

Household Size	100%	133%	150%	200%	250%	300%	400%
1	\$11,770	\$15,654	\$17,655	\$23,540	\$29,425	\$35,310	\$47,080
2	15,930	21,187	23,895	31,860	39,825	47,790	63,720
3	20,090	26,720	30,135	40,180	50,225	60,270	80,360
4	24,250	32,253	36,375	48,500	60,625	72,750	97,000
5	28,410	37,785	42,615	56,820	71,025	85,230	113,640
6	32,570	43,318	48,855	65,140	81,425	97,710	130,280
7	36,730	48,851	55,095	73,460	91,825	110,190	146,920
8	40,890	54,384	61,335	81,780	102,225	122,670	163,560

Percent of US Households - Income level mybudget360.com



Prevalence of food insecurity, 2014



Source: Calculated by ERS using data from the December 2014 Current Population Survey Food Security Supplement.

Explain this to single mom with two children to feed



Year: 1957

Time to market: 120 days

Average Weight: 1.4 kgs

Average Conversion : >3

Year: 2009

Time to market: 42 days

Average Weight: 2.6 kgs

Average Conversion: 1.7

There's enough on this planet for everyone's needs but not for everyone's greed" – Gandhi

- 03
- "If we can spend the early decades of the 21st century finding approaches that meet the needs of the poor in ways that generate profits and recognition for business, we will have found a sustainable way to reduce poverty in the world." Bill Gates
- ™ It is hard to get a starving person to worry about sustainability for the next 100 years.
- Conventionally raised food is the same as organic or naturally raised food in safety, nutrition and wholesomeness.
- Don't just do something, think.

We need strong, humane leadership in our country to not undo all the good we have done for our people.



